

## Lesson 367

### Mechanics - Punctuation - Commas

Use a comma after a **conjunctive adverb** or **phrase** like *for example, in fact, or for instance* used to join two main clauses. Common **conjunctive adverbs** are *therefore, nevertheless, moreover, consequently, furthermore, besides, then, thus, instead, accordingly, otherwise, so, yet, still, hence, however*.

Example:

Jill knew she could not win; **nevertheless**, she kept running.

**Instructions:** Place commas where they are needed.

1. The trip was wonderful; in fact everyone raved about it.
2. Will wants a promotion; therefore he is working overtime.
3. I do not believe a word he says; otherwise I would listen to his presentation.
4. You seem to be well-qualified; however your price is too high.
5. Your goals are unclear to me; so I will not vote for you.