

## Lesson 203

### Parts of the Sentence - Conjunctions

A **conjunction** is a word that joins other words, phrases (groups of words), or clauses (groups of words with a **subject** and **verb**). *Co-ordinate conjunctions* join words, phrases, or clauses of equal rank. There are two kinds: *simple* and *correlative*.

In these lessons simple co-ordinates will be referred to as co-ordinate conjunctions, and correlative co-ordinates will be referred to as correlative conjunctions. The co-ordinate and correlative conjunctions should be memorized since they are common and few in number.

The *co-ordinate conjunctions* are the following: *and, but, or, nor, for, and yet*. (*For* and *yet* can only join clauses.)

The *correlative conjunctions* are always in pairs. They are *either-or, neither-nor, both-and, not only-but also, and whether-or*.

**Instructions:** Using all the knowledge learned in the previous lessons, find the **verbs** (V), **subjects** (S), **predicate nominatives** (PN), **direct objects** (DO), **appositives** (App), **nouns of address** (NoA), **adjectives** (Adj), **predicate adjectives** (PAAdj), **adverbs** (Adv), **prepositions** (Prep), **objects of the preposition** (OoP), **indirect objects** (IO), **objective complements** (OC), and **conjunctions** (C) in the following sentences. If there are any **conjunctions** tell whether they are *co-ordinate* or *correlative conjunctions*.

1. The basketball team scored quickly and easily.
2. The wrestler was a small but strong individual.
3. Neither Helen nor her family will associate with us.
4. Jim, Jeff, and Shawn went to Wendover but told no one.

5. A group of pretty girls and older women followed them.