

Lesson 201

Parts of the Sentence - Conjunctions

A **conjunction** is a word that joins other words, phrases (groups of words), or clauses (groups of words with a **subject** and **verb**). *Co-ordinate conjunctions* join words, phrases, or clauses of equal rank. There are two kinds: *simple* and *correlative*.

In these lessons simple co-ordinates will be referred to as co-ordinate conjunctions, and correlative co-ordinates will be referred to as correlative conjunctions. The co-ordinate and correlative conjunctions should be memorized since they are common and few in number.

The *co-ordinate conjunctions* are the following: *and, but, or, nor, for, and yet*. (*For* and *yet* can only join clauses.)

The *correlative conjunctions* are always in pairs. They are *either-or, neither-nor, both-and, not only-but also*, and *whether-or*.

Instructions: Using all the knowledge learned in the previous lessons, find the **verbs** (V), **subjects** (S), **predicate nominatives** (PN), **direct objects** (DO), **appositives** (App), **nouns of address** (NoA), **adjectives** (Adj), **predicate adjectives** (PAadj), **adverbs** (Adv), **prepositions** (Prep), **objects of the preposition** (OoP), **indirect objects** (IO), **objective complements** (OC), and **conjunctions** (C) in the following sentences. If there are any **conjunctions** tell whether they are *co-ordinate* or *correlative conjunctions*.

1. Jeff and Jim cut the grass.
2. Mr. Smith, our neighbor and friend, is visiting Africa.
3. Lindsay gave both Ila and me a surprise.
4. The rabbit hopped and skipped about in the yard.

5. The new manager will be either Bill or Fred.