

## Lesson 196

Parts of the Sentence - Objective Complement

An *objective complement* can be a *noun* or an *adjective* which follows the *direct object* renaming or modifying it. It is used with *verbs* like *make*, *name*, *call*, *choose*, *elect*, and *appoint*. It is not set off with commas as an *appositive* is.

## Example: I *call* my *dog <u>Badger</u>*.

A *verb* that has an *objective complement* in the active voice may in the passive voice have a *predicate nominative* or a *predicate adjective*.

## Example:

I call my dog Badger. (objective complement)

My dog is called Badger by me. (predicate nominative)

## Example:

I consider my dog smart. (objective complement)

My dog *is considered smart* by me. (predicate adjective)

**Instructions:** Find the *objective complements* in the following sentences and tell whether they are *nouns* or *adjectives*.

- 1. Have you named Mr. Jones temporary chairman?
- 2. We called the boy on the horse Jock.
- 3. The team elected the twins co-captains.
- 4. The explorers found the old building empty.

5. Our present renters have kept the apartment clean.			