

Lesson 17

Parts of Speech - Nouns

Nouns can be singular (as in Lesson 16) or be plural in form. Plural means two or more. Plurals are formed by adding *s*, *es*, changing *y* to *i* and adding *es*, and with changes in spelling as in *man* becoming *men*.

Examples:

car, cars

fox, foxes

baby, babies

man, men

Instructions: Find the **nouns** in the following sentences. Some are plurals and some are not.

1. Computers are making work easier for secretaries.
2. Children always require great energies from parents.
3. Labors on farms take great effort by workers.
4. Alaina doesn't like puzzles or mathematics.