

Lesson 149

Parts of the Sentence - Noun & Pronoun Review

A *simple sentence* is a group of words expressing a complete thought, and it must have a **subject** and a **verb**. A **predicate nominative** or *predicate noun* completes a linking verb and renames the subject. A **direct object** receives the action performed by the subject. An **appositive** is a word or group of words that identifies or renames the noun or pronoun that it follows. **Nouns** or **nominatives of address** are the persons or things to which you are speaking.

Transitive active verbs are the verbs in sentences with a **direct object**. **Transitive passive** verbs have the **subject** receiving the action with the doer in a **prepositional phrase** or omitted in the sentence.

Intransitive verbs have no receiver of the action. **Intransitive linking** are sentences with a **predicate nominative** or predicate adjective. **Intransitive complete** are all the verbs that don't fit one of the other kinds of transitive or intransitive verbs.

Instructions: Find the **verbs**, **subjects**, **predicate nominatives**, **direct objects**, **appositives**, and **nouns of address** in these sentences and tell whether the verb is **transitive active (ta)**, **transitive passive (tp)**, **intransitive linking (il)**, or **intransitive complete (ic)**.

1. Neither the electrician nor his assistant had the right parts.
2. On the golf course Jim hit two trees and a sand trap.
3. For most people, life is a struggle.
4. The bus driver could hardly see the edge of the road.
5. Barbara, two groups, they and we, stayed to the end.