

## Lesson 148

### Parts of the Sentence - Noun & Pronoun Review

A *simple sentence* is a group of words expressing a complete thought, and it must have a **subject** and a **verb**. A **predicate nominative** or *predicate noun* completes a linking verb and renames the subject. A **direct object** receives the action performed by the subject. An **appositive** is a word or group of words that identifies or renames the noun or pronoun that it follows. **Nouns** or **nominatives of address** are the persons or things to which you are speaking.

**Transitive active** verbs are the verbs in sentences with a **direct object**. **Transitive passive** verbs have the **subject** receiving the action with the doer in a **prepositional phrase** or omitted in the sentence.

**Intransitive** verbs have no receiver of the action. **Intransitive linking** are sentences with a **predicate nominative** or predicate adjective. **Intransitive complete** are all the verbs that don't fit one of the other kinds of transitive or intransitive verbs.

**Instructions:** Find the **verbs**, **subjects**, **predicate nominatives**, **direct objects**, **appositives**, and **nouns of address** in these sentences and tell whether the verb is **transitive active (ta)**, **transitive passive (tp)**, **intransitive linking (il)**, or **intransitive complete (ic)**.

1. Mr. Hoyle introduced the speaker, a famous French educator.
2. Please answer the door, Fred.
3. Phil Clintock should not have been elected President.
4. No one enters my territory without permission and lives.
5. The rehearsal has been changed, Jessica.