

Lesson 141

Parts of the Sentence - Pronouns

Pronouns take the place of **nouns**. *Personal pronouns* have what is called *case*. *Case* means that a different form of a pronoun is used for different parts of the sentence. There are three *cases*: *nominative*, *objective*, and *possessive*.

Nominative case pronouns are *I, she, he, we, they, and who*. They are used as **subjects**, **predicate nominatives**, and **appositives** when used with a subject or predicate nominative.

Objective case pronouns are *me, her, him, us, them, and whom*. They are used as **direct objects**, **indirect objects**, **objects of the preposition**, and **appositives** when used with one of the objects. *You* and *it* are both nominative and objective case.

Possessive case pronouns are *my, mine, your, yours, his, her, hers, its, our, ours, your, yours, their, and theirs*. They are used to show ownership.

Possessive pronouns never have apostrophes, but possessive nouns do. Do not confuse the possessive personal pronouns *its, your, and their* with the contractions *it's (it is, it has), you're (you are), and they're (they are)*.

Instructions: Choose the correct form of the **pronoun**.

1. Our dog wagged (its, it's) tail for dinner.
2. (Your, You're) answer is right.
3. (Its, It's) been foggy all week.
4. This is (their, they're) first win.
5. (Your, You're) here on time!